

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED

GAME AND FISH PROTECTION FUND

Established in 1921, this fund currently operates under Part 435 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended, and is financed principally by the sale of hunting and fishing licenses. The license fees are set by statute and their purpose is to support the conservation program for preservation and control of fish and wildlife. The fund also receives funding from the Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund. The fund provides financial support for statewide hunting and fishing programs, including resource management, research, enforcement of hunting and fishing laws, and acquisition of lands to be used for hunting and fishing purposes.

MICHIGAN STATE WATERWAYS FUND

Established in 1947, this fund currently operates under Part 781 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended. The fund receives portions of watercraft registration fees and gasoline taxes, some of which are collected by other State agencies and transferred to this fund. The fund provides for improvement of lake harbors and inland waterways; construction, operation, and maintenance of recreational boating facilities; property acquisition; and administration.

MARINE SAFETY FUND

Established in 1967, this fund currently operates under Part 801 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended. The fund is financed principally by 49% of watercraft registration fees imposed by this act. The fund provides for water safety education programs, law enforcement, and regulation of watercraft on the waters of this State.

GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND

This fund was established in 1986 and presently operates under Part 437 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended, to restrict certain assets for the purpose of generating interest and earnings for transfer to the Game and Fish Protection Fund. In addition, the Legislature may appropriate up to \$6 million annually for use by the Game and Fish Protection Fund. Mineral royalties from lands acquired by the Game and Fish Protection Fund; direct sale proceeds; and other revenues, which, by statute, are retained for permanent investment, provide additional investment funding.

STATE PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND

Established in 1960, this fund currently operates under Part 741 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended. The fund is primarily financed by State park use and concession fees and motor vehicle permit fees necessary for entry by motor vehicles into designated State parks. These fees are the primary funding source for the operation, maintenance, and improvements of the State Park system. Revenues of this fund are pledged as necessary for repayment of State Park Gross Revenue Bonds.

COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND - LOCAL PROJECTS

Established in 1988, this fund presently operates under Parts 196 and 715 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended. The residual balances in this fund reflect proceeds and investment earnings remaining from two bond packages: \$70 million of general obligation bonds approved by voters in November 1988, as part of a \$140 million bond package for financing state and local public recreation projects, and \$50 million of general obligation bonds approved by voters in November of 1998, as part of a \$675 million bond package known as the "Clean Michigan Initiative." Proceeds from the 1988 bond package provide grants and loans to local units of government in the amounts of \$65 million for local recreation projects and \$5 million to discourage development of open space and underdeveloped lands. Proceeds from the 1998 bond package also provide grants to local units of government for local recreation projects pursuant to Part 716 of P.A. 451 of 1994.

COMBINED ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BOND FUND

Established by P.A. 328 of 1988, this fund accounts for the proceeds of \$660 million of general obligation bonds approved by Michigan voters in November 1988 to finance environmental protection programs. This approval was obtained under the general authority of Article 9, Section 15, of the 1963 State Constitution. Public Act 328 of 1988 specifies that not more than \$425 million of the bond proceeds be available to clean up sites of toxic and other environmental contamination; not more than \$150 million be available for solid waste projects; not more than \$60 million be available to capitalize the State Water Pollution Control Loan Fund; and not more than \$25 million be available to fund Michigan's participation in a regional Great Lakes Protection Fund.

Public Act 284 of 1998 expanded this fund to account for the proceeds of \$570 million of general obligation bonds approved by Michigan voters in November 1998. Public Act 288 of 1998 directs that not more than \$335 million be used for environmental response activities; not more than \$50 million for waterfront improvements; not more than \$25 million for remediation of contaminated lake and river sediments; not more than \$50 million for nonpoint source pollution prevention and control projects or wellhead protection projects; not more than \$90 million for water quality monitoring and water resources protection and pollution control activities; and not more than \$20 million for pollution prevention programs.

MICHIGAN NONGAME FISH AND WILDLIFE FUND

Established in 1983, the fund currently operates under Part 439 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended. Fund revenues are used to finance research and management of nongame fish and wildlife, designated endangered species, and designated plant species of this State. The fund may receive transfers from other funds, donations, investment income, and revenue from specialty license plate sales.

FOREST DEVELOPMENT FUND

This fund was established in 1993, along with the Michigan Forest Finance Authority, and presently operates under Part 505 of P.A. 451 of 1994, as amended. The Authority is authorized to acquire standing timber, timber cutting rights, and the State's interest in contracts granting cutting rights on State tax reverted lands and on other lands in the State forest system. Revenues are derived from the sale of forest products, and are pledged to provide debt service on any bonds or notes that might be issued by the Authority. Revenues not used for debt service are major funding sources for the Forest Management Division and are used for forest management operations and practices. The Authority may, but thus far has not, issued bonds.

**MICHIGAN UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK
FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FUND**

The Michigan Underground Storage Tank Financial Assurance Fund (MUSTFA) was established in P.A. 518 of 1988 to assist certain owners and operators of underground storage tank systems in meeting their financial responsibility requirements provided for in the Solid Waste Disposal Act. The Department of Environmental Quality and an eleven-member advisory board administer the fund.

The primary source of revenues is an environmental protection regulatory fee of 7/8 cent per gallon imposed on all refined petroleum products sold for resale. Expenditures are primarily amounts spent to assist in environmental cleanup. Public Acts 252 and 269 of 1995 limit the fund's liability to claims received by June 29, 1995. The State's liability for environmental cleanup claims is further limited by law to the amount of available resources.

BOTTLE DEPOSITS FUND

This fund was created in P.A. 384 of 1996 to provide for the disposition of unredeemed bottle deposits. The Department of Treasury and the Department of Environmental Quality jointly administer the fund. The law mandates that an annual distribution of the funds be made as follows: 25% returned to the dealers and 75% to fund several sub-funds.

The 75% distribution to the Department of Environmental Quality is initially deposited into the Cleanup and Redevelopment Trust Sub-Fund (CRTF), and if not further distributed, remains there until the principal amount reaches \$200 million. Of funds received annually by the CRTF, 80% is allocated to the Cleanup and Redevelopment Sub-Fund (CRF) and 10% to the Community Pollution Prevention Sub-Fund (CPPF).

Public Act 380 of 1996 moved the former Environmental Response Fund (ERF) to a sub-fund of the CRF. The law mandates that proceeds of all cost recovery actions taken and settlements entered into pursuant to the ERF (excluding natural resource damages) by the department or the Attorney General, or both, shall be credited to the ERF.